## 1. Real Numbers with solutions

Task 1.01. (0-1) (2015-task 07)
Let us assume that $\frac{15}{16}$ is approximately equal to 0.9 . The approximation error expressed as a percentage will be equal to
A. $4 \%$
B. $0.04 \%$
C. $3 \%$
D. $0.03 \%$

## Solution 1.01. A

$$
\frac{\left|\frac{15}{16}-0.9\right|}{\frac{15}{16}} \times 100 \%=\left|\frac{15}{16}-\frac{9}{10}\right| \times \frac{16}{15} \times 100 \%=\frac{6}{160} \times \frac{1600}{15} \%=4 \%
$$

Task 1.02. (0-1) (2016 - task 01)
The following table shows the number of votes received by each candidate in a by-election.

| Candidate | I | II |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Number of votes | 13970 | 17780 |

The number of votes received by the winner was higher than the number of votes received by the other candidate by:
A. 56 percentage points.
B. 44 percentage points.
C. 27 percentage points.
D. $\quad 12$ percentage points.

## Solution 1.02. D

Number of all votes: $17780+13970=31750$.
Winner percentage result: $\frac{17780}{31750} \times 100 \%=56 \%$.
Other candidate percentage result: $44 \%$.
A percentage point ( pp ) is the unit for the arithmetic difference of two percentages: $56 \%$ $44 \%=12 \mathrm{pp}$.

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Task 1.03. (0-1) (2016-task 02)
If $\log a=\frac{1}{2}$ and $\log b=\frac{2}{5}$, where $a>0$ and $b>0$, then the value of the expression $\log \left(a^{2} b\right)$ equals
A. $\frac{7}{5}$
B. $\frac{4}{10}$
C. $\frac{13}{20}$
D. $\frac{1}{10}$

Solution 1.03. A
$\log \left(a^{2} b\right)=\log \left(a^{2}\right)+\log (b)=2 \log (a)+\log (b)=2 \times \frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{5}=\frac{7}{5}$

Task 1.04. (0-1) (2016 - task 03)
The number $4\left(4^{18}+4^{17}\right)$ equals
A. $4^{35}$
B. $4^{36}$
C. $5 \times 4^{17}$
D. $5 \times 4^{18}$

Solution 1.04. D
$4\left(4^{18}+4^{17}\right)=4 \times 4^{17}(4+1)=4^{18} \times 5$

Task 1.05. (0-1) (2017-task 01)
It may be assumed that 0.3 is an approximation of $\frac{5}{16}$. What is the percentage error of this approximation?
A. $2.5 \%$
B. $0.025 \%$
C. $4 \%$
D. $0.04 \%$

Solution 1.05. C

$$
\frac{\left|\frac{5}{16}-0.3\right|}{\frac{5}{16}} \times 100 \%=\left|\frac{5}{16}-\frac{3}{10}\right| \times \frac{16}{5} \times 100 \%=\frac{2}{160} \times \frac{1600}{5} \%=4 \%
$$

Task 1.06. (0-1) (2017-task 02)
Among those listed below, the only positive number is:
A. $(-3)^{0}$
B. $-3^{0}$
C. $(-3)^{2017}$
D. $-3^{2017}$

## Solution 1.06. A

$(-3)^{0}=1>0$

$$
-3^{0}=-1<0
$$

$$
(-3)^{2017}=-3^{2017}<0
$$

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Task 1.07. (0-1) (2018-task 10)
In February, the price of a certain product remained constant, but on March $1^{\text {st }}$ it was increased by $10 \%$. After a week, the new price was decreased by $20 \%$. As a result of these two changes, the initial price of the product was decreased by
A. $12 \%$
B. $14 \%$
C. $9 \%$
D. $4 \%$

## Solution 1.07. A

Let $x$ be the first price.
The increase factor is $100 \%+10 \%=110 \%=1.1$.
The decrease factor is $100 \%-20 \%=80 \%=0.8$.
After the two price changes the new price will by $12 \%$ less
because: $x \times 1.1 \times 0.8=x \times 0.88=88 \% x=x-12 \% x$

Task 1.08. (0-1) (2019-task 01)
If we assume that $\frac{8}{9}$ is approximately equal to $0.9 /$ the percentage error of this approximation is equal to:
A. $1 \%$
B. $1.25 \%$
C. $0.0125 \%$
D. $0.01 \%$

## Solution 1.08. B

$\frac{\left|\frac{8}{9}-0.9\right|}{\frac{8}{9}} \times 100 \%=\left|\frac{8}{9}-\frac{9}{10}\right| \times \frac{9}{8} \times 100 \%=\frac{1}{90} \times \frac{900}{8} \%=1.25 \%$

## 1. Real Numbers with solutions

Task 1.09. (0-1) (2020 - task 01)
The reciprocal of $3 \frac{2}{9}-5 \frac{1}{3} \times \sqrt{\frac{49}{144}}$ is:
A. -9
B. $-\frac{1}{9}$
C. $\frac{1}{9}$
D. 9

Solution 1.09. C
$3 \frac{2}{9}-5 \frac{1}{3} \times \sqrt{\frac{49}{144}}=3 \frac{2}{9}-\frac{16}{3} \times \frac{7}{12}=\frac{29}{9}-\frac{28}{9}=\frac{1}{9}$

Task 1.10. (0-1) (2020 - task 05)
The number $\frac{4^{8}+4^{7}}{320 \times 4^{4}}$ is equal to:
A. $4^{-1}$
B. $4^{0}$
C. $4^{1}$
D. $4^{2}$

Solution 1.10. B
$\frac{4^{8}+4^{7}}{320 \times 4^{4}}=\frac{4^{7}(4+1)}{4^{3} \times 5 \times 4^{4}}=1=4^{0}$

Task 1.11. (0-1) (2020 - task 06)
If $\log _{3} 5=0.68$ then $\log _{3} 45$ equals:
A. 1.32
B. 1.36
C. 2.68
D. 6.8

Solution 1.11. C
$\log _{3} 45=\log _{3}\left(3^{2} \times 5\right)=\log _{3}\left(3^{2}\right)+\log _{3}(5) \approx 2+0.68=2.68$

## 1. Real Numbers with solutions

Task 1.12. (0-1) (2021-task 02)
The Seine is shorter than the Vistula by $25 \%$, and the Rhine is longer than the Vistula by $17 \%$. Thus the Rhine is longer than the Seine by
A. $64 \%$
B. $56 \%$
C. $42 \%$
D. $21 \%$

## Solution 1.12. B

Let $S$ be the length of Seine river.
Let $V$ be the length of Seine river.
Let $R$ be the length of Seine river.
$S=0.75 V \quad R=1.17 V$
$\frac{R-S}{S}=\frac{1.17 \mathrm{~V}-0.75 \mathrm{~V}}{0.75 \mathrm{~V}}=\frac{0.42 \mathrm{~V}}{0.75 \mathrm{~V}}=\frac{42}{75}=\frac{14}{25}=\frac{56}{100}=56 \%$

Task 1.13. (0-4) (2021- task 18)
Write down each of the sentences a-d below as an algebraic expression.
a) The difference of $a$ squared and $b$.
b) The absolute value of the sum of $b$ and tripled $a$.
c) The quotient of $a$ squared and the third power of $b$.
d) The product of $a$ increased by 5 and the square root of $b$.

## Solution 1.13.

1.13 a) $a^{2}-b$
b) $|b+3 a|$
c) $a^{2} \div b^{3}$
d) $(a+5) \times \sqrt{b}$

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## Answers

| 1.01 A | 1.02 D | 1.03 A | 1.04 D | 1.05 C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.06 A | 1.07 A | 1.08 B | 1.09 C | 1.10 B |
| 1.11 C | 1.12 B |  |  |  |

1.13 a) $a^{2}-b$
b) $|b+3 a|$
c) $a^{2} \div b^{3}$
d) $(a+5) \times \sqrt{b}$

